

ROBECO
The Investment Engineers

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Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V.

**Investment company with variable capital incorporated under Dutch law
Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities
Chamber of Commerce registration number 61210668**

**Unaudited Semi-Annual Report
1 January to 30 June 2020**

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Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V.

(investment company with variable capital, having its registered office in Rotterdam, the Netherlands)

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Gilbert O.J.M. Van Hassel
Karin van Baardwijk
Lia Belilos-Wessels
Peter J.J. Ferket (until 22 May 2020)
Mark C.W. den Hollander
Martin O. Nijkamp
Hans-Christoph von Reiche
Victor Verberk

Supervisory directors of RIAM:

Jeroen J.M. Kremers (until 30 March 2020)
Sonja Barendregt-Roojers
Stanley H. Koyanagi (since 13 August 2020)
Maarten F. Slendebroek (since 13 August 2020)
Mark A.A.C. Talbot
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NL-1102 MG Amsterdam

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Report by the manager

General information

Legal aspects

Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V. (the 'fund') is an investment company with variable capital established in the Netherlands. The fund is an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS), as referred to in Section 1:1 of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (hereinafter: 'Wft') and the Council Directive for Investment Institutions dated 23 July 2014 (Directive 2014/91/EU, 'UCITS V'). UCITS have to comply with certain restrictions to their investment policy in order to protect investors.

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. ('RIAM') manages the fund. In this capacity, RIAM handles the asset management, risk management, administration, marketing and distribution of the fund. RIAM holds an AIFMD license as referred to in Section 2:65 Wft, as well as a license to manage UCITS as referred to in Section 2:69b Wft. RIAM is moreover authorized to manage individual assets and give advice with respect to financial instruments. RIAM is subject to supervision by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (the 'AFM').

The assets of the fund are held in custody by J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch. J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch is appointed as the custodian of the fund as referred to in Section 4:62n Wft. The custodian is responsible for supervising the fund insofar as required under and in accordance with the applicable legislation. The manager, the fund and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch have concluded a custody agreement.

The fund is subject to statutory supervision by the AFM. The fund is entered in the register as stated in Section 1:107 Wft.

We have been informed that the AFM has determined that RIAM is to undertake remedial measures with respect to its compliance framework regarding customer due diligence, transaction monitoring and related requirements in the area of our retail fund distribution activities, and that the AFM intends to impose an order on RIAM in this respect. We are ensuring full compliance with all relevant laws and regulations and extend our ongoing compliance enhancements to incorporate these measures. Any related costs are borne by RIAM and this has no consequence for the investors in the fund.

Robeco

When 'Robeco' is mentioned it means RIAM as well as the activities of other companies that fall within the scope of Robeco's management.

Market Impact COVID-19

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. considers the ongoing COVID-19 Pandemic as a significant event which may impact the Investment Funds under management. The impact of the pandemic on people, companies and the economy at large cannot be assessed in full depth at this stage. However, the impact may have a downward effect on the performance. Measures to mitigate the immediate operational risks are in place. Additional measures are dependent on our own assessments and the response of the authorities.

Our operational measures for business continuity

In response to the ongoing COVID-19 crisis, Robeco is constantly monitoring the latest developments and has taken all measures necessary to manage the situation and to ensure business continuity. Our operational measures and capabilities are such that Robeco remains fully functional in managing client portfolios and serving clients. Our systems and platforms are designed to enable our staff, most of whom are working from home, to operate as normal. Our approach is one of vigilance and flexibility, allowing us to implement new or revised measures smoothly and as necessary to ensure the health and safety of our staff while maintaining business continuity.

Outsourcing some of the operational activities to J.P. Morgan

Early 2018, Robeco announced that it would be outsourcing part of its operations and administration activities to J.P. Morgan. The decision to outsource is part of the Robeco's strategic plan for the 2017-2021 period, which envisages further international growth in both investment and client servicing activities. In the course of 2018, J.P. Morgan became Robeco's service provider for fund accounting, operations, custody, depositary and securities lending, in two phases. In April 2019, J.P. Morgan became Robeco's transfer agent for all funds. In July 2020, J.P. Morgan also became Robeco's service provider for the middle office services.

Share classes

Ordinary shares are divided into four series, two of which are open. Each series is referred to as a share class. This concerns the following series:

Share class A: Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G

Share class B: Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X

No distribution fee is charged for these share classes.

Attribution to share classes

The administration of the fund is such that attribution of the results to the different share classes takes place on a daily basis and pro rata. Issues and repurchases of own shares are registered per share class. The differences between the various share classes are explained in notes 6, 8 and 11 to the financial statements.

Tax features

On the basis of Section 28 of the Dutch Corporation Tax Act, the fund has the status of a fiscal investment company. This means that 0% corporate-income tax is due, providing that, after deducting 15% in Dutch dividend tax, the fund makes its profit available for distribution to shareholders in the form of dividend within eight months of the close of the financial year and satisfies any other relevant regulations.

Report by the manager (continued)

General information (continued)

Liquidity of ordinary shares

The fund is an open-end investment company, meaning that, barring exceptional circumstances, it issues and repurchases ordinary shares on a daily basis at prices approximating net asset value, augmented or reduced by a limited surcharge or discount. The only purpose of this surcharge or discount is to cover the costs made by the fund related to the entry and exit of investors. The maximum current surcharge or discount is 0.30%. The surcharges and discounts are recognized in the profit and loss account.

The Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G share class is listed on Euronext Amsterdam, Euronext Fund Service segment.

Key Investor Information and prospectus

A prospectus and a Key Investor Information Document with details on the product and its associated costs and risks are available for Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V. Both documents can be obtained free of charge from the fund's offices and at www.robeco.nl.

Key figures per share class

Overview 2016-2020

Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G

	2020 ⁸	2019	2018	2017	2016	Average
Performance in % based on:						
– Market price ^{1,5}	-18.4	26.7	-6.2	4.5	17.2	3.0
– Net asset value ^{1,5}	-17.3	26.2	-5.5	4.1	16.7	3.2
Russell 1000 Value Index (Total Return) in EUR ²	-16.3	28.9	-3.6	-0.2	20.9	4.5
Dividend in euros ³	–	0.20	1.80 ⁹	0.60	0.40	
Total net assets ⁴	24	27	17	46	249	

Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X

	2020 ⁸	2019	2018	2017 ⁶	Average ⁷
Performance in % based on:					
– Market price ^{1,5}	-18.4	26.9	-6.1	5.6	1.6
– Net asset value ^{1,5}	-17.2	26.4	-5.4	4.6	1.7
Russell 1000 Value Index (Total Return) in EUR ²	-16.3	28.9	-3.6	3.5	2.9
Dividend in euros ³	–	–	1.20 ⁹	0.60	
Total net assets ⁴	4	6	327	202	

¹ The differences between the performance based on market price and the performance based on net asset value is caused by the fact that the market price is the NAV of the previous trading day corrected for the surcharge or discount as described under Liquidity of ordinary shares.

² Currencies have been converted at rates supplied by World Market Reuters.

³ The dividend relates to the reporting year mentioned and is distributed in the following year.

⁴ In millions of euros.

⁵ Any dividends distributed in any year are assumed to have been reinvested in the fund.

⁶ Concerns the period from 28 November 2017 through 31 December 2017.

⁷ Concerns the period from 28 November 2017 through 31 December 2020.

⁸ Concerns the period from 1 January through 30 June 2020.

⁹ Additional to the regular dividend over 2018, an interim dividend was paid on 27 September 2019. Therefore, the total dividend over 2018 is higher than the proposed dividend in the annual report over 2018.

General introduction

Review of the US stock markets

US equity markets have been turbulent so far in 2020 as the spread of COVID-19 sent shockwaves through the market and brought most of the economy to a halt. The market began to sell off in February as the virus spread, and dove further in early March as the US began to cancel sporting events and enact lockdown and social distancing guidelines. The Federal Reserve and Congress acted quickly from a financial sense, backing up the market by buying corporate bonds and providing cash to individuals. The market recovered fairly well over the second quarter with positive days coinciding with hopeful vaccine news and the reopening of many businesses. Growth continues to lead value by a sizable margin as investors pile into mega cap businesses and already expensive Technology and Consumer stocks. The S&P 500 lost just over 3% through the first half of the year, recovering from being down 30% in the middle of March. The Russell 1000 Growth Index gained nearly 10% while the Russell 1000 Value Index declined over 16%. Value to growth spreads are now at levels greater than 1999.

Report by the manager (continued)

General introduction (continued)

US stock markets outlook

Looking ahead to the second half of 2020, we remain consistent in our approach and look to take advantage of opportunities presented to us by the continued outcomes from market volatility as economies ramp back to full capacity and the long lasting effects of COVID-19 are felt. We expect that markets will continue to react to news surrounding new clusters of cases, potential vaccines and other virus speculation. Coming up in the second half of 2020 we will see a presidential election in the US between Joe Biden and Donald Trump, an event that will surely see markets react to the day to day polling. We continue to find a wide variety of opportunities from our bottom up approach without regard for sector.

Investment policy

Introduction

The investment universe focuses mainly on large companies in the US. Its bottom-up stock selection process identifies undervalued stocks and is guided by a disciplined investment approach, intensive internal research and risk aversion.

Investment objective

The investment objective focuses on long-term capital growth and aims to use diligent risk management to take positions when markets rise and to preserve capital when markets fall. The fund invests primarily in major US companies, in other words companies with a market capitalization in excess of USD 2 billion. The fund's index is the Russell 1000 Value Index (Total Return) in EUR.

Implementation of the investment policy

RIAM has outsourced the management of this fund's assets to Boston Partners, also an indirect subsidiary of ORIX Corporation Europe N.V. Consistent since Boston Partners' founding in 1995, the Large Cap strategy invests on a bottom up fundamental basis by focusing on the Three Characteristics that work: Valuation – attractively priced companies compared to their peers and their own history, Fundamentals – companies with strong business fundamentals (e.g. ability to generate strong free cash flow) and Momentum – companies with improving or neutral business momentum. The process is aided on the front end by a quantitative screen which narrows the universe to a target rich subset of companies to help focus our efforts. The rest of our work is fundamentally driven, ultimately leading to a decision by portfolio management to include the stock in the portfolio.

Currency policy

The fund mainly invests in stocks issued in foreign currencies (USD). The fund does not have an active currency policy. For further quantitative information on the currency risk, please see the notes on the subject provided on page 15.

Investment result

Investment result per share class

Share class	Price in EUR x 1 30/06/2020	Price in EUR x 1 31/12/2019	Dividend paid May 2020	Investment result in reporting period in % ¹
<i>Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G</i>			0.20	
- Market price	32.14	39.60		-18.4
- Net asset value	32.60	39.65		-17.3
<i>Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X</i>			—	
- Market price	32.98	40.37		-18.4
- Net asset value	33.45	40.42		-17.2

¹ Any dividends distributed in any year are assumed to have been reinvested in the fund.

The Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V. has trailed the Russell 1000 Value Index in the first half of the year, primarily caused by performance in Financials, Energy and Health Care. The fund has lagged in Financials due to a mix of banking holdings (Citigroup, Bank of America and Wells Fargo) as interest rates have plummeted and insurance positions (AIG, Reinsurance Group of America) with insurance impact from COVID still being digested. Within Energy the largest detractor was Noble Energy as the E&P business fell over 85% after oil prices rapidly declined in the midst of the demand shock. In Health Care the fund struggled due to avoiding strong performing bio-techs as well as owning a variety of disappointing pharmaceutical positions. On the positive side, the fund has added in Technology and Materials. Technology added through semiconductors exposure with Qorvo, KLA and Lam performing well along with Microsoft and NortonLifeLock in the software space. Lastly in Materials it was mainly the metals and mining holdings that added with Kinross, Yamana and Barrick all notably higher in a volatile market as investors seek physical assets.

Report by the manager (continued)

Investment result (continued)

Return and risk

From a risk perspective, the portfolio beta was 1.06 on an annual basis. Generally speaking, the value of a portfolio with a beta of more than 1 rises more than the market in a bull market. The tracking error was 2.75%. A tracking error of 2.75% indicates a 66% probability that the portfolio's future performance will not deviate from the benchmark by more than 2.75% (in either direction).

Remuneration policy

The fund itself does not employ any personnel and is managed by RIAM. In the Netherlands, persons performing duties for the fund at management-board level and portfolio managers are employed by Robeco Nederland B.V. The remuneration for these persons comes out of the management fee. RIAM's remuneration policy, that applies to all staff working under RIAM's responsibility, meets the applicable requirements of the European frameworks of the AIFMD, MiFID, the UCITS Directive, the ESMA guidelines on sound remuneration policies under the UCITS Directive, as well as the Dutch Remuneration Policy (Financial Enterprises) Act (Wet beloningsbeleid financiële ondernemingen). The remuneration policy has the following objectives:

- a) To stimulate employees to act in the best interests of clients and avoid taking undesirable risks.
- b) To promote a healthy corporate culture, with a strong focus on sustainable results in accordance with the long-term objectives of RIAM and its stakeholders.
- c) To attract and retain good staff and to reward talent and performance fairly.

Responsibility for the remuneration policy

The Supervisory Board of RIAM supervises the correct application of the remuneration policy and is responsible for the annual evaluation. Changes in the remuneration policy have to be approved by the Supervisory Board of RIAM. The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board of RIAM provides advice to the Supervisory Board of RIAM in the execution of these tasks, with the involvement of the HR Department and the relevant internal control officers. In the application and evaluation of the remuneration policy, RIAM regularly makes use of the services of various external advisers. The remuneration of fund managers consists of a fixed component and a variable component.

Fixed remuneration

The fixed salary of each employee is based on his/her role and experience and is in accordance with the RIAM salary ranges, which have also been derived from benchmarks in the investment management sector. The fixed salary is deemed to be adequate remuneration for the employee to properly execute their responsibilities, regardless of whether the employee receives any variable remuneration.

Variable remuneration

In accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, the available budget/pool for variable remuneration is approved in advance by the Supervisory Board of RIAM based on a proposal made by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board of RIAM. The total budget/pool is based, in principle, on a percentage of RIAM's operating result. In order to ensure that the total variable remuneration accurately reflects the performance of RIAM and the funds that it manages, when determining the budget/pool, a correction is made for risks that may occur in the year concerned and furthermore for multiple-year risks that may affect the risk profile of RIAM.

The variable remuneration component for the fund managers depends on the multi-year performance of the fund. The system is linked to outperformance with regard to risk-adjusted pre-determined annual targets. The calculated outperformance over a one-year, three-year and five-year period is taken into account when determining the variable remuneration. Also important in this determination are behavior, the extent to which team- and individual qualitative and predetermined objectives have been achieved and the extent to which Robeco corporate values are observed. The fund manager's contribution to the various organizational objectives is also taken into consideration. Poor performance, unethical or non-compliant behavior will reduce individual awards or can even result in no variable remuneration being awarded at all. For the senior fund manager, the Identified Staff regime also applies (see below).

Identified Staff

RIAM has a specific and more stringent remuneration policy for employees who could have a material impact on the risk profile of the fund. These employees are designated to be 'Identified Staff'. As per 30 June 2020, in addition to the Management Board, RIAM has designated 98 employees as Identified Staff, including all senior portfolio managers, senior management and the heads of the control functions (HR, Compliance, Risk Management, Business Control, Internal Audit and Legal). Among other things the performance targets of these employees that are used to determine the award of variable pay are subject to additional risk analyses, both prior to the performance year and at the end when the results are evaluated. In addition, in all cases at least 70% of the payment of variable remuneration granted to these employees will be deferred for a period of four years, and 50% will be converted into instruments ('Robeco Cash Appreciation Rights') whose value will follow the company's future results.

Report by the manager (continued)

Remuneration policy (continued)

Risk control

RIAM has implemented additional risk management measures with regard to the variable remuneration. For instance, RIAM has the possibility with regard to all employees to reclaim the granted variable remuneration ('claw-back') when this has been based on incorrect assumptions, fraudulent acts, serious improper behavior, serious neglect of duties or behavior that has resulted in a considerable loss for RIAM. After the granting but before the actual payment of the deferred variable remuneration components to Identified Staff, an additional assessment is performed to check whether new information would result in decreasing the previously granted remuneration components (the so-called 'malus arrangement'). The malus arrangement can be applied because of (i) misconduct or a serious error of judgement on the part of the employee (ii) a considerable deterioration of RIAM's financial results that was not foreseen at the time the remuneration was granted (iii) a serious violation of the risk management system, leading to changed circumstances compared with the granting of the variable remuneration or (iv) fraud committed by the employee concerned.

Annual assessment

RIAM's remuneration policy and the application thereof was evaluated in 2019 under the responsibility of the Supervisory Board of RIAM, advised by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board of RIAM. As a result no material changes were necessary to the remuneration policy.

Remuneration portfolio managers in 2019

RIAM has delegated the portfolio management of this fund's assets to Boston Partners Global Investors, Inc ("Boston Partners"). Both RIAM and Boston Partners are indirect subsidiaries of ORIX Corporation Europe N.V. RIAM pays a management fee to Boston Partners. The portfolio managers are employed by Boston Partners and remuneration of the portfolio managers comes from Boston Partners. No extra costs for the remuneration of the portfolio managers are charged to the fund.

RIAM and Boston Partners have agreed that Boston Partners shall take appropriate measures to ensure a remuneration of portfolio managers and other relevant staff is consistent with sound and effective risk management practices and do not encourage risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules or instruments of incorporation of the funds; in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of (the investors in) the Fund and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

The Boston Partners portfolio managers receive a compensation package comprised of an industry competitive base fixed salary and variable remuneration, which may include long-term incentives. Through Boston Partners' variable remuneration program, key investment professionals are rewarded primarily for strong risk adjusted investment performance. In this manner the Boston Partners team is firmly aligned with the long term objectives of the clients.

The variable remuneration is based upon a combination of the following four criteria:

- Individual Contribution: an evaluation of the professional's individual contribution based on the expectations established at the beginning of each year;
- Product Investment Performance: performance of the investment product(s) with which the individual is involved versus the pre-designed index, based on the excess return;
- Investment Team Performance: the financial results of the investment group with client's assets;
- Firm-wide Performance: the overall financial performance of Boston Partners.

A long - term incentive compensation is deferred for periods of 3 to 5 years.

As stated, RIAM has outsourced the portfolio management of this fund's assets to Boston Partners. The remuneration of the portfolio managers comes solely from Boston Partners.

Sustainable investing

Sustainable investing is one of the main pillars of Robeco's strategy and is firmly anchored in our investment convictions. We are convinced that including ESG¹ factors leads to better investment decisions. We are also convinced that exercising our voting rights and engaging in a dialogue with companies have a positive effect on the investment result and society in general. During the first half of 2020, we made every effort to further stimulate Sustainable investing at Robeco and beyond.

All Robeco's investment activities comply with the Principles for Responsible Investing (PRI). In 2020, Robeco was awarded an A+ for most of the modules that were assessed as part of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) 2020 report. This was the seventh year in a row that Robeco obtained the highest score for the majority of the modules assessed by PRI. Responsibility for implementing Sustainable investing lies with the Head of Investments, who also has a seat on Robeco's Executive Committee.

¹ ESG is the abbreviation of 'Environmental, Social and Governance', which refers to factors relating to the environment, society and corporate governance.

Report by the manager (continued)

Sustainable investing (continued)

Focus on stewardship

Fulfilling our responsibilities in the field of stewardship forms an integral part of Robeco's approach to Sustainable investing. A core aspect of Robeco's mission is fulfilling our fiduciary duties towards our clients and beneficiaries. Robeco manages investments for a variety of clients with different investment needs. We always strive in everything we do to serve our clients interests to the best of our ability.

In our view, the fact that more and more stewardship codes are being introduced around the globe is a positive development, and we are strong advocates of active ownership. For this reason we publish our own stewardship policy on our website. This policy describes how we deal with possible conflicts of interest, how we monitor the companies in which we invest, how we conduct activities in the field of engagement and voting, and how we report on our stewardship activities.

To mark our strong commitment to stewardship, we have become signatories to many different stewardship codes. In 2018 Eumedion, the Dutch governance platform for institutional investors, published a Dutch stewardship code. Robeco was a participant in the working group that wrote this code. In previous years we became signatories to the stewardship codes of the United Kingdom, Japan and Brazil. In addition, Robeco a.o. meets the Taiwanese Stewardship Principles for Institutional Investors, the US ISG stewardship principles, the Principles for Responsible Ownership in Hong Kong, Singapore Stewardship Principles and the Korean Stewardship Code.

Contributing to the Sustainable Development Goals

Robeco is a signatory in the Netherlands to the Sustainable Development Goals Investing Agenda. To help our customers contribute to the objectives, we worked on analyzing the SDG¹ contribution of companies and developing SDG investment solutions. Currently multiple solutions are available both in equity and fixed income and the amount of assets that are managed in line with this SDG methodology is increasing rapidly.

Furthermore, Robeco contributes to the SDGs by integrating ESG factors in its decision-making process for investments and encourages companies to act in support of these goals by means of a constructive dialogue. The SDGs are continually considered during the engagement and voting activities. These therefore present the opportunity to emphasize the effect that engagement can have on society. Robeco's Active Ownership team would like new themes to always be directly linked to at least one of the goals. In 2019 we started engaging with companies for example on Palm Oil, directly linked to SDG 12 and 15, with a clear objective to improve the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) certification and mitigate deforestation.

¹ Sustainable Development Goals

ESG integration by Robeco

Sustainability can bring about changes in markets, countries and companies in the long term. And since changes affect future performance, ESG factors can in our view add value to our investment process. We therefore look at these factors in the same way as we consider a company's financial position or market momentum. We have research available from leading sustainability experts, including our sister company RobecoSAM. The dedicated Sustainable Investing research team works together very closely with the investment teams to provide them with in-depth sustainability information.

The investment analysis focuses on the most material ESG factors and the connection with the financial performance of a company. We can then focus on the most relevant information in performing our investment-analysis and can reach enhanced investment decisions. Besides integrating ESG, Active Ownership and exclusions into all of our investment processes, in 2020 we continued developing new sustainable investment funds with specific sustainable goals and criteria. Furthermore we expanded our climate change strategy by integrating climate scenarios into our risk management process, developing portfolio tools to measure, monitor and manage carbon footprints and developed a decarbonized value factor that is implemented in all quantitative strategies.

Exclusion

Robeco pursues an exclusion policy for companies that are involved in the production of or trade in controversial weapons such as cluster munition and anti-personnel mines, for tobacco companies and for companies that seriously and habitually violate either the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. We apply strict criteria for this last category and if a dialogue fails the company can be excluded. Robeco publishes its exclusion policy and the list of exclusions on its website. In 2019 Robeco developed a palm oil policy. Robeco considers the production of palm oil a process with significant environmental and social risks, leading to breaches of the UN Global Compact when this product is not produced sustainably. Listed companies that have less than 20% of their plantations certified to sustainability standards are excluded from fund investments. Other palm oil producing companies are part of an engagement program where Robeco requires them to make progress towards full RSPO certification and addresses potential controversies and breaches of the UN Global compact.

Report by the manager (continued)

Sustainable investing (continued)

Exclusion (continued)

Supplementary to the above, Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V shall only invest in weapons-related companies if:

- these companies act in accordance with international weapons conventions, such as
 - the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti- Personnel Mines and on their Destruction
 - the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (1968)
 - the 1972 Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on their Destruction
 - the Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons (1980)
 - the Chemical Weapons Convention (1993)
 - the Convention on Cluster Munitions (2008)
- they operate within applicable (local) legislation and regulation relating to the production, stockpiling, trade in and use of weapons, and
- that which relates to controversial weapons (controversial weapons are antipersonnel mines, nuclear warheads, cluster munitions, chemical and biological weapons), and
- the weapons are not supplied to countries or persons on the list of EU sanctions, fragile or failing states, countries in civil war, dubious and/or corrupt customers, terrorist organizations and (organized) crime.

Active ownership

Constructive and effective activities under active ownership encourage companies to improve their management of risks and opportunities in the field of ESG. This in turn establishes a better competitive position and improved profitability and moreover has a positive impact on the community. Active ownership involves voting and engagement. Robeco exercises its voting rights for the shares in its investment funds all over the world. In addition, Robeco enters into an active dialogue with the companies in which it invests on questions concerning the environment, society and corporate governance. In 2020, our activities towards achieving active ownership were again awarded high scores under the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI). Robeco has Active Ownership specialists in both Rotterdam and Hong Kong. In 2019 Robeco engaged with over 220 companies on different issues ranging from corporate governance to data privacy to climate change. The primary focus of this engagement is to address strategic ESG issues that might affect value creation in the long term. Hereafter, 2020 case studies are provided to illustrate Robeco's approach towards fulfilling our stewardship responsibilities.

Robeco's Active Ownership response to COVID-19

Robeco has been active with its engagement partners and in the media since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic with regard to the ESG-related impact of the crisis. Below, we highlight a few activities that have taken place since March.

1. Robeco signed the Investor Statement on Coronavirus Response
As long-term investors, Robeco urged the business community to take what steps they could and to consider the following steps in particular: provide paid leave if necessary, prioritize health and safety of workers, maintain employment, maintain supplier/customer relationships, and exhibit financial prudence. You can find the statement here:
<https://www.iccr.org/investor-statement-coronavirus-response>.
2. Active Ownership participates in working groups PRI and ICCR
Two PRI working groups and one working group within the Interfaith Center for Corporate Responsibility (ICCR) will start:
 - The first PRI working group will focus on short-term responses and ensuring responsible ESG approaches remain at the front of investor activities.
 - The second PRI working group will focus on a future economic recovery phase which will consider how the financial system should function to ensure sustainable outcomes.
 - The ICCR group will focus mainly on US companies.
3. Robeco calls on pharmaceutical sector to maximize efforts in combatting COVID-19
In collaboration with other international asset managers, pension funds and insurers, Robeco has supported several initiatives that call on pharmaceutical companies to uphold their social license to operate and maximize cooperation to minimize the spread of the virus. First, Robeco engaged along with other global investors with Roche, producer of important diagnostics for test capacity to test patients for COVID-19, to call upon the company to provide the formula for creating test reagents in the labs to support the global crisis response. In addition, Robeco joined two separate efforts with the ICCR and a group of Dutch institutional investors by releasing an investor statement targeted at pharmaceuticals, asking them to adopt a collaborative approach to the design and delivery of health technologies and govern with financial prudence and a commitment to uphold their social license to operate by ensuring affordable access for all.

Report by the manager (continued)

Sustainable investing (continued)

Robeco's Active Ownership response to COVID-19 (continued)

4. Impact on and call to the garment industry

The Platform Living Wages Financials published a public statement outlining investors' expectations on how the garment industry should manage the COVID-19 crisis responsibly.

The International Labor Organization (ILO) has published a Call to Action by garment industry employer and worker organizations, leading brands and retailers to work with governments and financial institutions to tackle the devastating economic disruption and threat to livelihoods caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Employers, workers, retailers and major brands involved in the collaboration will form an international working group – convened by the ILO – to implement measures to limit the damage caused by the pandemic to enterprises and livelihoods. Several companies under engagement are participating in this call to action, and we're also encouraging other brands to join the initiative in our public statement.

Robeco also published an article by Masja Zandbergen on ESG and the Coronavirus, "The most important ESG issue in the Coronavirus crisis is our response", early on in the crisis that gained a good deal of traction. This article is part of our dedicated COVID-19 webpage on which we share the views and analysis of our investment teams and financial specialists.

Encouraging Shell to become a net zero emissions energy business by 2050

Robeco has once more been recognized for its critical role in persuading Royal Dutch Shell (Shell) to further strengthen its measures to reduce its carbon footprint. Together with the Church of England Pensions Board, Robeco led the investor engagement activities on behalf of Climate Action 100+, an initiative spearheaded by more than 450 investors with over USD \$40 trillion in assets under management. This follows earlier engagement success with Shell in 2018.

Shell has committed to take additional action on climate change. The company plans to become a net-zero emissions energy business by 2050 or sooner (covering scope one, two and three emissions).

The steps include:

- An ambition to be net zero on all the emissions from the manufacture of all our products (scope one and two) by 2050 at the latest;
- Accelerating Shell's Net Carbon Footprint ambition to be in step with society's aim to limit the average temperature rise to 1.5 degrees Celsius in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement on Climate Change. This means reducing the Net Carbon Footprint of the energy products Shell sells to its customers by around 65% by 2050 (increased from around 50%), and by around 30% by 2035 (increased from around 20%);
- A pivot towards serving businesses and sectors that by 2050 are also net-zero emissions.

Voting

In 1998, Robeco started voting for its investment funds and on behalf of its institutional clients. The votes are cast by specialized voting analysts in the Active Ownership team. We attend several shareholder meetings ourselves, but in most cases we cast our votes electronically. Our voting activities are published shortly after the shareholders' meetings on our website, in line with best practice regarding voting transparency.

Our extensive voting policy is based on 20 years of experience and insight, and we anticipate the specific policy requests of our mandates if necessary. We vote at all meetings where this is possible. In practice, we only refrain from voting in the event of share blocking. In such cases, we assess the importance of the meeting and the influence of our positions on the voting.

Our voting policy and our analysis are based on the internationally accepted principles of the International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN) and on local directives. These principles constitute an extensive framework for assessing the corporate governance practices of companies. They also provide sufficient latitude for companies to be assessed on the basis of local standards, national legislation and codes of conduct for corporate governance. In our assessment we take into account company-specific circumstances.

Important decisions are taken in close consultation with the portfolio managers and the analysts in Robeco's investment teams and with our engagement specialists. The information we receive during shareholders' meetings is taken into account in our engagement activities and in the investment process followed by the Robeco funds.

We voted at 73 shareholder meetings on behalf of Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V.. At 54 (74%) of the 73 meetings, we cast at least one vote against management's recommendation.

Report by the manager (continued)

Sustainable investing (continued)

Engagement

Since as early as 2005, we have encouraged management board members from the companies in which we invest to practice good corporate governance and to strive to achieve an environmentally and socially friendly policy. The aim of our engagement is to increase shareholder value in the long term and to achieve a positive impact on society. For Robeco, engagement and voting are important elements for achieving a successful integrated strategy for Sustainable investing that will lead to enhanced investment decisions and can improve the risk/return profile of our portfolios.

For our engagement activities we use a focused approach in which we enter into a constructive dialogue with a relevant selection of companies in which we invest. This dialogue deals with ESG factors such as quality of management, human rights and management of environmental risks. We differentiate between two types of engagement: the proactive Value Engagement approach and the Enhanced Engagement approach following a violation of the principles of the UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

Our Value Engagement activities focus on a small number of sustainability themes with the greatest potential for value creation for the companies in which we invest. We select these themes on the basis of financial materiality by carrying out a baseline measurement and formulating engagement profiles for the companies we enter into a dialogue with. We select new engagement themes in close consultation with engagement specialists, portfolio managers and analysts, who work together closely throughout the dialogue. We give priority to companies in Robeco's portfolios with the greatest exposure to the selected engagement theme.

Our Enhanced Engagement program focuses on companies whose actions conflict seriously and systematically with the principles of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) in the field of human rights, labor, the environment and anti-corruption and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. With this program we try to exert an influence on these companies to persuade them to act in accordance with the UNGC principles and OECD Guidelines. Our engagement normally lasts three years, during which time we hold regular meetings and conference calls with representatives from the company and monitor progress made on the engagement objectives.

If an Enhanced Engagement dialogue does not lead to the desired result, Robeco can exclude this company from Robeco's investment universe. The Enhanced Engagement process is a formal part of Robeco's exclusion policy.

For Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V., we entered into a dialogue with 15 companies, involving 14 Value Engagement and 1 Enhanced Engagements.

Integrating ESG factors into the investment processes

For Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V., qualitative aspects of ESG factors are assessed on an individual basis in the fundamental process. The factors are not integrated in the investment process as standard.

Rotterdam, 31 August 2020
The Manager

Semi-annual figures

Balance sheet

Before profit appropriation	Notes	30/06/2020 EUR' 000	31/12/2019 EUR' 000
ASSETS			
Investments			
Equities	1	27,380	31,778
Total investments		27,380	31,778
Accounts receivable			
Other receivables, prepayments and accrued income	2	414	369
Total accounts receivable		414	369
Other assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	560	1,014
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable			
Other liabilities, accruals and deferred income	4	49	123
Total accounts payable		49	123
Accounts receivable and other assets less accounts payable		925	1,260
Assets less liabilities		28,305	33,038
Composition of shareholders' equity			
Issued capital	5, 6	864	830
Other reserve	5	33,493	(37,177)
Undistributed earnings	5	(6,052)	69,385
Shareholders' equity		28,305	33,038

The numbers of the items in the financial statements refer to the numbers in the Notes.

Semi-annual figures (continued)

Profit and loss account

	Notes	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020 EUR' 000	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019 EUR' 000
Investment income	7	453	4,500
Unrealized gains	1	1,278	44,267
Unrealized losses	1	(5,253)	(10,106)
Realized gains	1	998	17,205
Realized losses	1	(3,434)	(8,119)
Receipts on surcharges and discounts on issuance and repurchase of own shares		8	20
Total operating income		(5,950)	47,767
Costs			
Management fee	8	88	941
Service fee	8	19	223
Other costs	10	(5)	17
Total operating expenses		102	1,181
Net result		(6,052)	46,586

The numbers of the items in the financial statements refer to the numbers in the Notes.

Cash flow statement

	Notes	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020 EUR' 000	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019 EUR' 000
Cash flow from investment activities		(1,846)	13,814
Cash flow from financing activities		1,365	(15,927)
Net cash flow		(481)	(2,113)
Currency and cash revaluation		27	201
Increase (+)/decrease (-) cash	3	(454)	(1,912)

The numbers of the items in the financial statements refer to the numbers in the Notes.

Notes

General

The semi-annual financial statements have been drawn up in conformity with Part 9, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Wft. The fund's financial year is the same as the calendar year. The notes referring to fund shares concern ordinary shares outstanding.

The ordinary shares are divided into four series, two of which are open. Each series is designated as a share class. The fund includes the following share classes:

Share class A: Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G

Share class B: Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X

Accounting principles

General

The other principles for the valuation of assets, liabilities and determination of the result are unchanged and therefore are in accordance with the presentation in the most recent annual financial statements. Unless stated otherwise, items shown in the semi-annual report are carried at nominal value and expressed in thousands of euros.

Attribution to share classes

The administration of the fund is such that attribution of the results to the different share classes takes place on a daily basis and pro rata. Issues and repurchases of own shares are registered per share class.

Risks relating to financial instruments

Investment risk

The value of investments may fluctuate. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The net asset value of the fund depends on developments in the financial markets and can therefore either rise or fall. Shareholders run the risk that their investments may end up being worth less than the amount invested, or even worth nothing. The general investment risk can also be characterized as market risk.

Market risk

Market risk can be divided into three types: price risk, currency risk and concentration risk. Market risks are contained using limits on quantitative risk measures such as tracking error, volatility or value-at-risk. This means that the underlying risk types (price risk, currency risk and concentration risk) are also indirectly contained.

Price risk

The net asset value of the fund is sensitive to market movements. In addition, investors should be aware of the possibility that the value of investments may vary as a result of changes in political, economic or market circumstances, as well as changes in an individual business situation. The entire portfolio is exposed to price risk. The degree of price risk that the fund runs depends among other things on the risk profile of the fund's portfolio.

Currency risk

All or part of the securities portfolio of the fund may be invested in currencies, or financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the euro. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates may have both a negative and a positive effect on the investment result of the fund. Currency risks may be hedged with currency forward transactions and currency options. Currency risks can be limited by applying relative or absolute currency concentration limits.

Notes (continued)

Risks relating to financial instruments (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

As at the balance sheet date, there were no positions in currency futures contracts.

The table below shows the gross and net exposure to the various currencies, including cash, receivables and debts. Further information on the currency policy can be found on page 6.

	30/06/2020	30/06/2020	30/06/2020	31/12/2019
Currency exposure	Gross position EUR' 000	Net position EUR' 000	% of net assets	% of net assets
EUR	182	182	0.64	0.40
USD	28,123	28,123	99.36	99.60
Total	28,305	28,305	100.00	100.00

Concentration risk

Based on its investment policy, the fund may invest in financial instruments from issuing institutions that operate mainly within the same sector or region, or in the same market. In the case of concentrated investment portfolios, events within the sectors, regions or markets in which they invest have a more pronounced effect on the fund assets than in less concentrated investment portfolios. Concentration risks can be limited by applying relative or absolute country or sector concentration limits.

As at the balance sheet date, there were no positions in stock market index futures.

The table below shows the exposure to stock markets through stocks per country in amounts and as a percentage of the fund's total equity capital.

Concentration risk by country

	30/06/2020	30/06/2020	31/12/2019
	Equities EUR' 000	Total exposure EUR' 000	% of net assets
Bermuda	351	351	1.24
Canada	285	285	1.01
Denmark	–	–	–
France	137	137	0.48
Ireland	1,059	1,059	3.74
Netherlands	383	383	1.35
Switzerland	1,095	1,095	3.87
United Kingdom	494	494	1.75
United States of America	23,576	23,576	83.29
Total	27,380	27,380	96.73

Notes (continued)

Risks relating to financial instruments (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Concentration risk (continued)

The sector concentrations are shown below.

Concentration risk by sector

	30/06/2020 % of net assets	31/12/2019 % of net assets
Communication Services	4.35	9.02
Consumer Discretionary	8.99	6.88
Consumer Staples	2.54	3.67
Energy	4.48	9.30
Financials	22.35	26.05
Health Care	20.19	17.30
Industrials	9.88	9.63
Information Technology	14.32	6.54
Materials	7.51	5.89
Real Estate	–	0.61
Utilities	2.12	1.30
Other assets and liabilities	3.27	3.81
Total	100.00	100.00

Counterparty risk

Counterparty risk is an unintentional form of risk that is a consequence of the investment policy. It occurs when a counterparty of the fund fails to fulfil its financial obligations arising from financial transactions with the fund. Counterparty risk is limited as far as possible by exercising an appropriate degree of caution in the selection of counterparties. In selecting counterparties, the assessments of independent rating bureaus are taken into account, as are other relevant indicators. Wherever it is customary in the market, the fund will demand and obtain collateral in order to mitigate counterparty risk. The figure that best represents the maximum credit risk is given in the table below.

	30/06/2020		31/12/2019	
	EUR' 000	% of net assets	EUR' 000	% of net assets
Accounts receivable	414	1.46	369	1.12
Cash and cash equivalents	560	1.98	1,014	3.07
Total	974	3.44	1,383	4.19

No account is taken of collateral received in the calculation of the total credit risk. Counterparty risk is contained by applying limits on the exposure per counterparty as a percentage of the fund assets. As at the balance sheet date there were no counterparties with an exposure of more than 5% of the fund's total assets.

Notes (continued)

Risks relating to financial instruments (continued)

Risk of lending financial instruments

In the case of securities-lending transactions, collateral is requested and obtained for those financial instruments that are lent. In the case of securities-lending transactions, the fund incurs a specific type of counterparty risk that the borrower cannot comply with the obligation to return the financial instruments on the agreed date or to furnish the requested collateral. The lending policy of the fund is designed to control these risks as much as possible. To mitigate specific counterparty risk, the fund receives collateral prior to lending the financial instruments.

The creditworthiness of counterparties in securities-lending transactions is assessed on the basis of how independent rating agencies regard their short-term creditworthiness and on the basis of their net assets. Guarantees given by parent companies are also taken into account.

The fund accepts collateral in the form of:

- government bonds with a minimum investment grade¹ credit rating;
- bonds of supranational bodies with a minimum investment grade¹ credit rating;
- stocks listed on the main indexes of stock markets in OECD countries;
- stocks listed on the main indexes of stock markets in non-OECD countries;
- cash.

¹ Credit rating designations BBB or above are considered investment grade.

In addition, concentration limits are applied to collateral to restrict concentration risks in the collateral and there are also liquidity criteria for containing the liquidity risks in the collateral. Finally, depending on the type of lending transaction and the type of collateral, collateral with a premium is requested relative to the value of the lending transaction. This limits the negative effects of price risks in the collateral.

The table below gives an overview of the positions lent out as a percentage of the portfolio (total of the instruments lent out) and relative to the fund's assets.

Positions lent out

Type of instrument	30/06/2020			31/12/2019		
	Amount in EUR' 000	% of portfolio	% of net assets	Amount in EUR' 000	% of portfolio	% of net assets
Shares lent out	859	3.14	3.03	974	3.06	2.95
Total	859	3.14	3.03	974	3.06	2.95

The following table gives an overview of the positions lent out and the collateral received per counterparty.

All outstanding lending transactions are transactions with an open-ended term. That means that there is no prior agreement as to how long the securities are lent out and when they may be reclaimed by the fund if required.

Counterparties

	Domicile of counterparty	Manner of settlement and clearing	30/06/2020		31/12/2019	
			Positions lent out EUR' 000	Collateral received EUR' 000	Positions lent out EUR' 000	Collateral received EUR' 000
Barclays	United Kingdom	Tripartite ¹	234	261	–	–
Deutsche Bank	Germany	Tripartite ¹	–	–	184	218
Goldman Sachs	United States	Tripartite ¹	–	–	790	808
UBS	Switzerland	Tripartite ¹	625	734	–	–
Total			859	995	974	1,026

¹ Tripartite means that the collateral is in the custody of an independent third party.

This collateral is not included on the balance sheet.

Notes (continued)

Risks relating to financial instruments (continued)

Risk of lending financial instruments (continued)

The table below contains a breakdown of collateral received according to type. All securities received have an open-ended term.

Collateral by type

			30/06/2020	31/12/2019
	Currency	Rating of government bonds	Market value in EUR' 000	Market value in EUR' 000
Cash	USD		–	808
Government bonds	EUR	Investment grade	11	34
Government bonds	GBP	Investment grade	2	–
Government bonds	USD	Investment grade	–	1
Real-estate funds listed in OECD countries	USD		39	4
Stocks listed in non-OECD countries	HKD		30	–
Stocks listed in non-OECD countries	USD		2	–
Stocks listed in OECD countries	AUD		24	1
Stocks listed in OECD countries	CAD		5	–
Stocks listed in OECD countries	DKK		–	2
Stocks listed in OECD countries	EUR		81	10
Stocks listed in OECD countries	GBP		360	8
Stocks listed in OECD countries	JPY		116	51
Stocks listed in OECD countries	USD		325	107
Total			995	1,026

J.P. Morgan has been appointed custodian of all collateral received. The securities are managed by RIAM and are held on separate accounts per counterparty. In line with the provisions in the prospectus, the collateral received has not been reinvested.

J.P. Morgan is the intermediary for all of the fund's securities-lending transactions. As compensation for its services, J.P. Morgan receives a fee of (A) 25% of the gross income on these securities-lending transactions for loans which generates a return of 0.5% or less and (B) 10% of the gross income from these securities-lending transactions for any loans which generate a return greater than 0.5%. An external agency periodically assesses whether the agreements between the fund and J.P. Morgan are still in line with the market. The fund's revenues and J.P. Morgan fee are included in the following table.

Income from securities lending

	01/01/2020-30/06/2020			01/01/2019-30/06/2019		
	Gross revenues in EUR' 000	Fee paid to J.P. Morgan in EUR' 000	Net fund revenues in EUR' 000	Gross revenues in EUR' 000	Fee paid to J.P. Morgan in EUR' 000	Net fund revenues in EUR' 000
Shares lent out	–	–	–	3	1	2
Total	–	–	–	3	1	2

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is an unintentional form of risk that is a consequence of the investment policy. Liquidity risk occurs when financial instruments cannot be sold in a timely fashion unless additional costs are incurred. Liquidity risk can be divided into two categories: exit risk and the liquidity risk of financial instruments.

Exit risk

Exit risks occur when the fund's value is negatively affected by the exit of one or more clients, with negative consequences for existing clients. The extent to which the value of the fund can be negatively affected depends on the liquidity of the financial instruments in the portfolio, and on the concentration of clients. An exit charge is made to cover the exit costs in order to prevent exits having a negative effect on the fund.

Liquidity risk of financial instruments

The actual buying and selling prices of financial instruments in which the fund invests partly depend upon the liquidity of the financial instruments in question. It is possible that a position taken on behalf of the fund cannot be quickly liquidated at a reasonable price due to a lack of liquidity in the market in terms of supply and demand. To limit this risk, the fund invests almost entirely in financial instruments that can be traded daily, so the liquidity risk of financial instruments occurring under normal circumstances does not occur. Moreover, liquidity risks of financial instruments are contained using limits on the non-liquid portion of the securities portfolio.

Notes (continued)

Risks relating to financial instruments (continued)

Manager

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. (“RIAM”) is the fund manager. In this capacity, RIAM handles the asset management, administration, marketing and distribution of the fund. RIAM holds an AIFMD license as referred to in Section 2:65 Wft. In addition, RIAM is licensed as a manager of UCITS (2:69b Wft, the Dutch Financial Supervision Act), which includes managing individual assets and giving advice on financial instruments. RIAM is subject to supervision by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten, “AFM”). RIAM has listed the fund with AFM. RIAM is a 100% subsidiary of ORIX Corporation Europe N.V. via Robeco Holding B.V. ORIX Corporation Europe N.V. is a part of ORIX Corporation.

Custodian

The assets of the fund are held in custody by J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch. J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch is appointed as the custodian of the fund as referred to in Section 4:62n Wft. The custodian is responsible for supervising the fund insofar as required under and in accordance with the applicable legislation. The manager, the fund and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., Amsterdam Branch have concluded a custody agreement.

Liability of the custodian

The custodian is liable to the fund and/or the Shareholders for the loss of a financial instrument under the custody of the custodian or of a third party to which custody has been transferred. The custodian is not liable if it can demonstrate that the loss is a result of an external event over which it in all reasonableness had no control and of which the consequences were unavoidable, despite all efforts to ameliorate them. The custodian is also liable to the fund and/or the shareholders for all other losses they suffer because the custodian has not fulfilled its obligations as stated in this custodial agreement either deliberately or through negligence. Shareholders may make an indirect claim upon the liability of the custodian through the manager. If the manager refuses to entertain such a request, the shareholders are authorized to submit the claim for losses directly to the custodian.

Affiliated parties

The fund and the manager may utilize the services of and carry out transactions with parties affiliated to the fund, as defined in the BGfo, such as RIAM, Robeco Nederland B.V and ORIX Corporation. The services entail the execution of tasks that have been outsourced to these parties such as (1) securities lending, (2) hiring temporary staff and (3) issuance and repurchase of the fund’s shares. Transactions that can be carried out with affiliated parties include the following: treasury management, derivatives transactions, lending of financial instruments, credit extension, purchase and sale of financial instruments on regulated markets or through multilateral trading facilities. All these services and transactions are executed at market rates.

Notes to the balance sheet

1. Equities

A breakdown of this portfolio is given under Schedule of Investments. A sub-division into regions and sectors is provided under the information on concentration risk under the information on Risks relating to financial instruments.

Transaction costs

Brokerage costs and exchange fees relating to investment transactions are discounted in the cost price or the sales value of the investment transactions. These costs and fees are charged to the result ensuing from changes in value. The quantifiable transaction costs are shown below.

	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019
	EUR' 000	EUR' 000
Equities	17	121

RIAM wants to be certain that the selection of counterparties for equity transactions (brokers) occurs using procedures and criteria that ensure the best results for the fund (best execution).

The costs charged by brokers are not necessarily just for the order they have executed, but may also relate to research supplied by the brokers. RIAM only pays for research if this leads to an improvement in the investment decisions made at RIAM. The costs for research can be paid for by the fund through full service fees or commission sharing agreements (CSA).

The breakdown of the transaction costs over the reporting period is as follows:

	01/01/2020 - 30/06/2020	01/01/2019 - 30/06/2019
	EUR' 000	EUR' 000
Order execution	7	61
Exchange fees	1	3
Research paid for via CSA	9	57
Total	17	121

2. Other receivables, prepayments and accrued income

This concerns receivables from dividends declared and not yet received, recoverable tax deducted at source, receivables from issuance of own shares, and suspense items.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns directly callable credit balances at banks and any money on call.

4. Other liabilities, accruals and deferred income

This concerns liabilities from dividends made payable, payable from securities transactions, liabilities from repurchases of own shares and management and service fees due.

Notes to the balance sheet (continued)

5. Shareholders' equity

Composition and movements in shareholders' equity

	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020 EUR' 000	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019 EUR' 000
Issued capital Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G		
Situation on opening date	687	514
Received on shares issued	132	34
Paid for shares repurchased	(87)	(34)
Situation on closing date	732	514
Issued capital Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X		
Situation on opening date	143	9,982
Received on shares issued	12	798
Paid for shares repurchased	(23)	(846)
Situation on closing date	132	9,934
Share premium reserve - Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G		
Situation on opening date	–	(19,215)
Received on shares issued	–	1,180
Paid for shares repurchased	–	(1,199)
Situation on closing date	–	(19,234)
Share premium reserve - Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X		
Situation on opening date	–	334,086
Received on shares issued	–	28,171
Paid for shares repurchased	–	(29,873)
Situation on closing date	–	332,384
Other reserves		
Situation on opening date	(37,177)	38,886
Received on shares issued	4,696	–
Paid for shares repurchased	(3,266)	–
Addition of result in previous financial year	69,240	(26,930)
Situation on closing date	33,493	11,956
Undistributed earnings		
Situation on opening date	69,385	(20,558)
Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G - dividend paid	(145)	(604)
Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X - dividend paid	–	(5,768)
Addition to other reserves	(69,240)	26,930
Net result for financial period	(6,052)	46,586
Situation on closing date	(6,052)	46,586
Situation on closing date	28,305	382,140

The authorized share capital of EUR 1.5 million, divided into 1,499,990 ordinary shares and 10 priority shares with a nominal value of EUR 1 each. The priority shares have already been issued. The company's authorized ordinary share capital is divided into four series, of which two are open. Fees are not included in the share premium reserve.

Notes to the balance sheet (continued)

5. Shareholders' equity (continued)

Special controlling rights under the Articles of Association

The 10 priority shares in the company's share capital are held by Robeco Holding B.V. According to the company's Articles of Association, the rights and privileges of the priority shares include the appointment of managing directors and the amendment to the Articles of Association. The Management Board of Robeco Holding B.V. determines how the voting rights are exercised:

Gilbert O.J.M. Van Hassel
Karin van Baardwijk
Mark C.W. den Hollander

6. Assets, shares outstanding and net asset value per share

	30/06/2020	30/06/2019	30/06/2018
Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G			
Fund assets in EUR' 000	23,861	18,466	67,568
Situation of number of shares issued at opening date	686,539	513,957	1,299,461
Shares issued in financial period	132,001	33,544	700,908
Shares repurchased in financial period	(86,542)	(33,693)	(58,772)
Number of shares outstanding	731,998	513,808	1,941,597
Net asset value per share in EUR	32.60	35.94	34.80
Dividend paid per share during the financial period	0.20	1.20	0.60
Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X			
Fund assets in EUR' 000	4,444	363,674	300,273
Situation of number of shares issued at opening date	143,873	9,982,484	5,751,265
Shares issued in financial period	11,932	797,524	3,510,729
Shares repurchased in financial period	(22,948)	(846,427)	(638,832)
Number of shares outstanding	132,857	9,933,581	8,623,162
Net asset value per share in EUR	33.45	36.61	34.82
Dividend paid per share during the financial period	–	0.60	0.60

Notes to the profit and loss account

Income

7. Investment income

This concerns net dividends received and revenue from securities lending minus interest paid.

Costs

8. Management fee and service fee

The management fee and service fee are charged by the manager. The fees are calculated daily on the basis of the fund assets.

Management fee and service fee specified in the prospectus

	Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G	Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X
	%	%
Management fee	0.63	0.50
Service fee ^{1,2,3}	0.16	0.12

¹ For the Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G share class, the service fee is 0.16% per year on assets up to EUR 1 billion, 0.14% on assets above EUR 1 billion, and 0.12% on assets above EUR 5 billion.

² For the Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G share class Until 1 April 2020, the service fee was 0.12% per year on assets up to EUR 1 billion, 0.10% on assets above EUR 1 billion, and 0.08% on assets above EUR 5 billion.

³ For the Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X share classes, the service fee is 0.12% per year on assets up to EUR 1 billion, 0.10% on assets above EUR 1 billion, and 0.08% on assets above EUR 5 billion.

The management fee covers all current costs resulting from the management and marketing of the fund. If the manager outsources operations to third parties, any costs associated with this will also be paid from the management fee.

The service fee paid to RIAM covers the administration costs, the costs of the external auditor, other external advisers, regulators, costs relating to reports required by law, such as the annual and semi-annual reports, and the costs relating to the meetings of shareholders. The costs for the external auditor incurred by the fund are paid by RIAM from the service fee. The fund's result therefore does not include the costs for the external auditor.

9. Performance fee

Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities N.V. is not subject to a performance fee.

10. Other costs

This concerns:

	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020 EUR' 000	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019 EUR' 000
Custody fee	–	7
Costs for fund agent	2	1
Depository fee	(7)	9
Total	(5)	17

Notes to the profit and loss account (continued)

Costs (continued)

11. Ongoing charges

	Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G		Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR X	
	01/07/2019- 30/06/2020	01/07/2018- 30/06/2019	01/07/2019- 30/06/2020	01/07/2018- 30/06/2019
	%	%	%	%
Management fee	0.63	0.63	0.50	0.50
Service fee ¹	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.12
Other cost	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01
Proportion of income on securities lending payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.78	0.76	0.64	0.63

¹ For the Robeco Customized US Large Cap Equities - EUR G share class Until 1 April 2020, the service fee was 0.12% per year on assets up to EUR 1 billion, 0.10% on assets above EUR 1 billion, and 0.08% on assets above EUR 5 billion.

The percentage of ongoing charges is based on the average net assets per share class. The average assets are calculated on a daily basis. The ongoing charges include all costs charged to the share classes in the reporting period, excluding the costs of transactions in financial instruments and interest charges. The ongoing charges do not include any payment of entry or exit costs charged by distributors.

The proportion of securities-lending income payable as defined in the Information on the Risks of lending Financial Instruments on page 18 is included separately in the ongoing charges.

12. Turnover rate

The portfolio turnover rate over the reporting period was 84% over the period 1 July 2019 through 30 June 2020 (over the period 1 July 2018 through 30 June 2019: 103%). This rate shows the rate at which the fund's portfolio is turned over and is a measure of the incurred transaction costs resulting from the portfolio policy pursued and the ensuing investment transactions. The turnover rate is determined by expressing the amount of the turnover as a percentage of the average fund assets. The average fund assets are calculated on a daily basis. The amount of the turnover is determined by the sum of the purchases and sales of investments less the sum of issuance and repurchase of own shares. The sum of issues and repurchases of own participating units is determined as the balance of all issues and repurchases in the fund. Cash and money-market investments with an original life to maturity of less than one month are not taken into account in the calculation.

13. Transactions with affiliated parties

No transactions were effected with affiliated parties during the reporting period other than calculated management costs and the service fee. During the reporting period the fund paid RIAM the following amounts in management fee and service fee:

Counterparty	01/01/2020- 30/06/2020	01/01/2019- 30/06/2019
	EUR' 000	EUR' 000
Management fee	88	941
Service fee	19	223

14. Fiscal status

The fund has the status of a fiscal investment institution. A detailed description of its fiscal status is included in the general information of the management report on page 4.

15. Register of Companies

The fund has its registered office in Rotterdam and is listed in the Trade Register of the Chamber of Commerce in Rotterdam, under number 61210668.

Currency table

Exchange rates

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019
	EUR = 1	EUR = 1
CAD	1.5297	1.4556
USD	1.1231	1.1225

Schedule of Investments

As at 30 June 2020

Investments	Currency	Quantity/ Nominal Value	Market Value EUR' 000	% of Net Assets
Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official exchange listing				
Equities				
<i>Bermuda</i>				
Everest Re Group Ltd.	USD	1,618	297	1.05
RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.	USD	356	54	0.19
			<u>351</u>	<u>1.24</u>
<i>Canada</i>				
Kinross Gold Corp.	USD	12,969	83	0.30
Yamana Gold, Inc.	USD	41,472	202	0.71
			<u>285</u>	<u>1.01</u>
<i>France</i>				
TOTAL SA, ADR	USD	3,991	137	0.48
			<u>137</u>	<u>0.48</u>
<i>Ireland</i>				
CRH plc, ADR	USD	5,591	171	0.60
Eaton Corp. plc	USD	6,196	483	1.71
Medtronic plc	USD	4,964	405	1.43
			<u>1,059</u>	<u>3.74</u>
<i>Netherlands</i>				
NXP Semiconductors NV	USD	3,768	383	1.35
			<u>383</u>	<u>1.35</u>
<i>Switzerland</i>				
Chubb Ltd.	USD	5,105	576	2.03
Novartis AG, ADR	USD	6,679	519	1.84
			<u>1,095</u>	<u>3.87</u>
<i>United Kingdom</i>				
Coca-Cola European Partners plc	USD	3,462	116	0.41
GlaxoSmithKline plc, ADR	USD	7,173	261	0.92
Royal Dutch Shell plc, ADR 'A'	USD	4,034	117	0.42
			<u>494</u>	<u>1.75</u>
<i>United States of America</i>				
Aflac, Inc.	USD	6,080	195	0.69
Alphabet, Inc. 'A'	USD	537	678	2.39
American International Group, Inc.	USD	15,536	431	1.52
AmerisourceBergen Corp.	USD	4,025	361	1.28
AMETEK, Inc.	USD	1,403	112	0.39
Anthem, Inc.	USD	2,362	553	1.95
Applied Materials, Inc.	USD	6,633	357	1.26
AutoZone, Inc.	USD	586	589	2.08
Avantor, Inc.	USD	8,344	126	0.45
Bank of America Corp.	USD	34,766	735	2.60
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc. 'B'	USD	6,189	984	3.47
Best Buy Co., Inc.	USD	5,450	423	1.50
Carrier Global Corp.	USD	5,689	113	0.40

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at 30 June 2020

Investments	Currency	Quantity/ Nominal Value	Market Value EUR' 000	% of Net Assets
Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official exchange listing (continued)				
Equities (continued)				
<i>United States of America (continued)</i>				
Caterpillar, Inc.	USD	1,857	209	0.74
CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	USD	8,457	141	0.50
Charles Schwab Corp. (The)	USD	5,206	156	0.55
Cigna Corp.	USD	4,508	753	2.66
Cisco Systems, Inc.	USD	19,942	828	2.93
Citigroup, Inc.	USD	7,258	330	1.17
ConocoPhillips	USD	8,502	318	1.12
Corteva, Inc.	USD	9,350	223	0.79
Cummins, Inc.	USD	1,384	214	0.75
Deere & Co.	USD	1,878	263	0.93
Dover Corp.	USD	2,896	249	0.88
DuPont de Nemours, Inc.	USD	8,325	394	1.39
Edison International	USD	6,363	308	1.09
Facebook, Inc. 'A'	USD	1,292	261	0.92
Fifth Third Bancorp	USD	4,768	82	0.29
FMC Corp.	USD	1,417	126	0.44
Foot Locker, Inc.	USD	3,452	90	0.32
Harley-Davidson, Inc.	USD	3,174	67	0.24
Howmet Aerospace, Inc.	USD	2,945	42	0.15
Huntington Bancshares, Inc.	USD	21,467	173	0.61
Johnson & Johnson	USD	6,373	798	2.82
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	USD	10,871	910	3.22
Kansas City Southern	USD	1,846	245	0.87
KeyCorp	USD	14,758	160	0.57
Kimberly-Clark Corp.	USD	2,245	283	1.00
KLA Corp.	USD	1,917	332	1.17
Kroger Co. (The)	USD	10,586	319	1.13
Lam Research Corp.	USD	1,537	443	1.56
Lear Corp.	USD	932	90	0.32
Lennar Corp. 'A'	USD	3,985	219	0.77
Lowe's Cos., Inc.	USD	1,924	231	0.82
Marathon Petroleum Corp.	USD	12,160	405	1.43
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc.	USD	2,417	231	0.82
McKesson Corp.	USD	2,781	380	1.34
Merck & Co., Inc.	USD	5,477	377	1.33
Micron Technology, Inc.	USD	9,339	428	1.51
Microsoft Corp.	USD	1,812	328	1.16
Mohawk Industries, Inc.	USD	2,543	230	0.81
Newmont Corp.	USD	14,753	811	2.86
ON Semiconductor Corp.	USD	2,256	40	0.14
Oracle Corp.	USD	6,753	332	1.17
Otis Worldwide Corp.	USD	2,844	144	0.51
Owens Corning	USD	5,628	279	0.99
Pfizer, Inc.	USD	21,817	635	2.24
PPG Industries, Inc.	USD	1,247	118	0.42
Progressive Corp. (The)	USD	6,594	470	1.66
Qorvo, Inc.	USD	2,299	226	0.80
Ralph Lauren Corp.	USD	1,624	105	0.37
Reinsurance Group of America, Inc.	USD	929	65	0.23
Robert Half International, Inc.	USD	1,376	65	0.23

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at 30 June 2020

Investments	Currency	Quantity/ Nominal Value	Market Value EUR' 000	% of Net Assets
Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official exchange listing (continued)				
Equities (continued)				
<i>United States of America (continued)</i>				
SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc.	USD	3,112	156	0.55
Tapestry, Inc.	USD	8,851	105	0.37
TJX Cos., Inc. (The)	USD	4,704	212	0.75
T-Mobile US, Inc.	USD	3,131	290	1.03
T-Mobile US, Inc. Rights 27/07/2020	USD	2,191	–	–
Travelers Cos., Inc. (The)	USD	1,247	127	0.45
Truist Financial Corp.	USD	10,565	353	1.25
Union Pacific Corp.	USD	1,399	211	0.74
United Rentals, Inc.	USD	1,269	168	0.59
UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	USD	1,530	402	1.42
Valero Energy Corp.	USD	5,557	291	1.03
Vistra Energy Corp.	USD	9,107	151	0.53
Western Digital Corp.	USD	5,083	200	0.71
Williams-Sonoma, Inc.	USD	1,498	109	0.39
Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc.	USD	1,976	75	0.26
Zimmer Biomet Holdings, Inc.	USD	1,346	143	0.50
			<u>23,576</u>	<u>83.29</u>
Total Equities			<u>27,380</u>	<u>96.73</u>
Total Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official exchange listing			<u>27,380</u>	<u>96.73</u>
Total Investments			27,380	96.73
Cash			560	1.98
Other Assets/(Liabilities)			365	1.29
Total Net Assets			28,305	100.00

Rotterdam, 31 August 2020

The Manager

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V.

Policymakers RIAM:

Gilbert O.J.M. Van Hassel

Karin van Baardwijk

Lia Belilos-Wessels

Mark C.W. den Hollander

Martin O. Nijkamp

Hans-Christoph von Reiche

Victor Verberk

Other information

Directors' interests

The total personal interests in the investments of the fund held by the policymakers of the management (also the manager) of the fund on 1 January 2020 and 30 June 2020 are shown in the table below.

As at 1 January 2020	Description	Quantity
ING Groep NV	Shares	230,888
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Shares	4,092

As at 30 June 2020	Description	Quantity
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Shares	4,092
Royal Dutch Shell plc	Shares	10,075

Auditor

No external audit has been conducted.